

Proofreading Task – Octopuses

Octopusses are boneless animals and becos of this, its bodys is extremely flexible, allowing them to squeeze froo small spaces. To swim, a octopus scwirts jets of water thorough a tube called a sifon. The force of this jets moved the octopus quickly threw the water. The octopus travels backwerds with it's ate tentucles trailing behind them. These tenticles have suckion cups, or suckers, with sensaws that inable them to 'taste' whatever it touched.

Octopuses have the largest brians of any invertebrate (an animal that does not has a backbone). They can lurn and invent silutions to problems. Captive octopuses had been observes to play, repeatedly released bottles or toys into a sircular currant in there tanks and then caughted them again. Octopuses often escape out they're tanks in search of food and sometimes even brake into the tanks of over creatures. They have also been knowed to bord fishing boat and open the cargo hold two ate crabs.

Part of body	How much	What it dose	Wierd but wonderfull
Tentickle	8	Caughts and chokes pray	The underside of each tentucle is covered in 240 suckers. That means an octopus has an total of 1,920 sicker.
Hart	3	Pumps blud	The bleed that each heart pumps is bloo.
Aye	2	Seed prey and preditors, even in low lite	The pupils remane horizontal even iff the octopus terns on it's side or upside down.